



# AI for Care Management

## How Palm Beach ACO Scales Patient Engagement with Zynix AI

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An executive discussion on AI-enabled outreach, EMR integration, and care-management at scale.

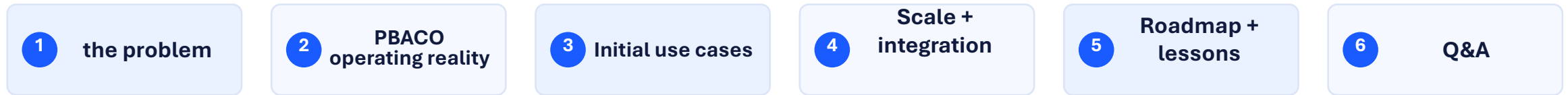
### Speakers

Jay Chowdappa, MD  
CoFounder & CEO · Zynix AI

David Klebonis  
President & COO · Palm Beach ACO

## RUN OF SHOW

# Today's 60-minute discussion



## Discussion flow

0–5 min	David McDonald	Opening, introductions, objective
5–15 min	Jay + David K.	Why care management needs a new operating model
15–35 min	Jay + David K.	PDV/TCM, AWW, outreach, scheduling, and Zynix workflows
35–48 min	Jay + David K.	EMR complexity, operations, cost-of-care, quality, HCC capture
48–55 min	Jay + David K.	Future roadmap: AI scribe + after-hours answering / triage
55–60 min	David McDonald	Audience Q&A and close

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## Why care management needs a new operating model

--the operational problem is scaling execution, not just finding more help.

## WHY THIS MATTERS

# The value-based care execution gap

### What ACOs must do

- TCM / PDV follow-up
- AWW scheduling
- Quality gap closure
- Risk capture support
- Documentation + reporting

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### What teams can absorb

- Manual call lists
- Staffing constraints
- Fragmented workflows
- Incomplete follow-up
- After-hours leakage

### Core thesis

**The winning model is AI-enabled execution with human oversight — not simply more manual labor.**

## POLL

### Audience poll #1 ( Answer one or more that apply)

**What is the hardest patient-engagement problem to scale today?**

**A** Post-discharge follow-up within the right window

**B** AWW outreach and scheduling at scale

**C** Quality-gap outreach and closure

**D** After-hours access and leakage

# Palm Beach ACO: operating at scale

## Network scale

Large ACO environment with broad provider participation and significant patient-engagement volume.

## EMR complexity

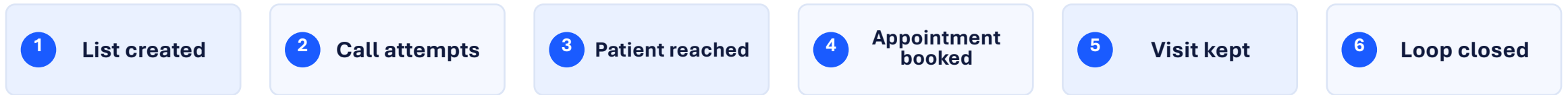
1,500+ EMR instances create workflow, integration, reporting, and consistency challenges.

## Execution need

Timely outreach, follow-up scheduling, write-backs, and performance tracking across fragmented operations.

“What made patient engagement and care-management execution especially Challenging at PBACO’s scale?”

# Why manual care-management outreach breaks



## Manual model failure points

- Repeated outreach attempts are labor intensive
- Scheduling and handoffs vary by practice
- Documentation can lag behind the work
- No-show rescue is inconsistent
- After-hours calls create leakage and staff burden

## Implication

**Adding more manual labor may help briefly, but it does not create a scalable or repeatable operating model.**

## USE CASE

# Initial focus area #1: PDV / TCM follow-up

**Goal: timely post-discharge engagement + follow-up scheduling**

1 Discharge trigger

2 AI outreach

3 Status check

4 PCP follow-up

5 EMR note

6 Care team escalation

### Operational value

Standardized 48-hour outreach and timely follow-up booking without scaling call-center labor.

### Clinical value

Earlier issue detection, medication adherence checks, and escalation of red flags.

### VBC value

Designed to support

- lower readmissions,
- fewer avoidable ER visits, and
- better shared-savings potential.

VIDEO ILLUSTRATION

## PDV / TCM outreach and scheduling

What to listen for: patient status check, medication / red-flag prompts, follow-up booking, and handoff-ready documentation.

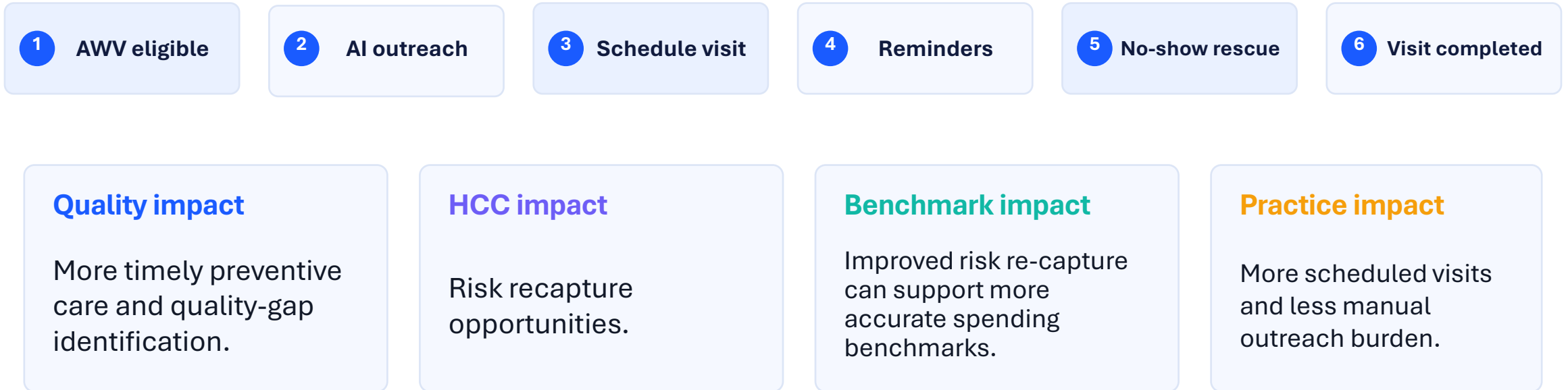
[PLAY AUDIO](#)

“The point is not just that a call happened — the workflow moves toward closure.”

## USE CASE

# Initial focus area #2: AWW outreach and scheduling

AWVs are not just visits — they support quality, relationship, documentation, and risk capture.



VIDEO ILLUSTRATION

# AWV outreach and scheduling

What to listen for: patient-friendly explanation, appointment conversion, reminder logic, and low-lift handoff to the practice.

[PLAY AUDIO](#)

## POLL

# Audience poll #2

**Which workflow would create the most near-term value for your organization?**

**A** PDV / TCM outreach and follow-up scheduling

**B** AWW outreach and scheduling

**C** Quality-gap outreach: A1c, kidney, CRC, mammography

**D** After-hours answering / triage and ER diversion

# What Zynix automates in the PBACO operating model

## Patient identification

Eligible cohorts from claims, EMR, ADT, or gap lists

## AI outreach

Voice + SMS outreach, retry logic, opt-out handling

## Scheduling support

PCP follow-up, AWW booking, reminders, no-show rescue

## Documentation

Call summary, structured fields, EMR write-back where integrated

## Reporting

Operational dashboards, KPIs, audit trails, reconciliation support

**Core idea: automate repetitive execution; escalate exceptions to care teams.**

# The EMR challenge: scale without standardization

**1,500+**

**EMR instances across the  
PBACO environment**

## Why this matters

Workflow consistency is hard when data, scheduling, and documentation are distributed across many systems.

## Integration strategy

Start with high-value workflows and prioritize scalable read/write pathways where available.

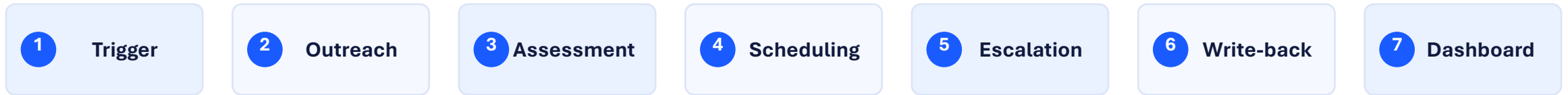
## Operational principle

Do not wait for perfect integration everywhere to create value.

## End state

Closed-loop outreach with increasing EMR write-back and structured reporting over time.

# Closed-loop execution: from trigger to EMR write-back



## Examples of triggers

- Hospital discharge
- AWV eligibility
- Unclosed quality gap
- After-hours inbound call
- Abnormal result / missed referral

## What “closed loop” means

- Patient reached or attempts documented
- Next step booked or routed
- Human escalation when needed
- Action appears in dashboard / EMR
- Performance is measurable

## Why leaders care

- Lower variance
- Higher accountability
- Better audit readiness
- More predictable operating cost
- Faster scaling across network

# How AWW execution supports quality and risk capture

1 AWW scheduled

2 Patient seen

3 Gaps reviewed

4 HCCs documented

5 Care plan updated

6 Risk accurately captured

## Quality score impact

More preventive gaps identified and acted on  
Better annual engagement with primary care  
Opportunity to address chronic disease measures

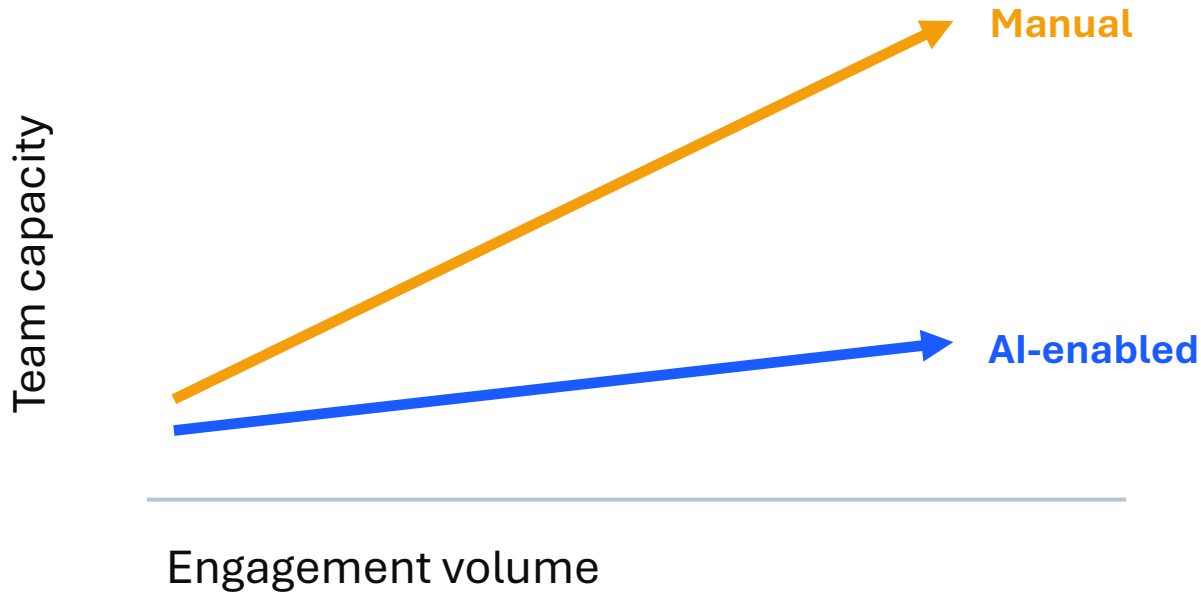
## Risk-adjustment impact

More complete condition documentation  
Better recapture of chronic conditions  
More accurate spending benchmarks over time

*Use careful language in the webinar: “designed to support,” “intended to improve,” and “can help create the conditions for.”*

# Operational efficiency: scaling without proportional headcount

## Illustrative capacity curve



### Manual model

Capacity grows mostly by adding people, call lists, and management overhead.

### AI-enabled model

Automation absorbs repetitive outreach while humans focus on exceptions.

### Leadership outcome

More consistent execution, better staff leverage, and lower marginal cost per engagement.

POLL

## Audience poll #3 ( Answer 1 or more )

### Which value driver matters most for AI-enabled care management?

- A Lower operational cost / less staffing pressure
- B Timely follow-up and better patient access
- C Reduced avoidable readmissions / ER visits
- D Quality, HCC recapture, and shared savings potential

## Cost-of-care logic: from timely engagement to shared savings potential

1 Timely outreach

2 Follow-up booked

3 Issues surfaced early

4 Avoidable utilization reduced

5 Shared savings potential

### PDV / TCM impact logic

Earlier contact and PCP follow-up are designed to support lower readmissions and avoidable ER use.

### AWV impact logic

More timely annual visits support quality closure, HCC recapture, and better care planning.

### Operating leverage

AI-enabled workflows help increase engagement volume without equivalent headcount growth.

## EXPANSION

# Future roadmap: AI scribe across the provider network

## Why AI scribe matters in the same operating model

### Provider adoption

Reduces documentation burden and creates a practical provider-facing AI entry point.

### Data capture

Supports better structured documentation, problem-list hygiene, and follow-up triggers.

### Care execution

Visit documentation can trigger care-gap outreach, referral follow-up, or care-plan actions.

**How can PBACO use scribe adoption to create a broader AI-enabled care-execution layer?**

## EXPANSION

# Future roadmap: after-hours answering, triage, and ER diversion

1 After-hours call

2 AI answer

3 Routine request handled

4 Red flag escalated

5 Next-day follow-up

6 ED leakage reduced

### Patient access

Patients receive timely, structured responses instead of voicemail-only pathways.

### Team protection

Routine after-hours volume is absorbed before it becomes staff burden.

### ACO economics

Appropriate triage and timely follow-up can support ER diversion and lower avoidable cost.

VIDEO ILLUSTRATION

# After-hours answering and triage

What to listen for: routine request handling, escalation language, and how the workflow protects teams while preserving access.

**GAUTAM: PLAY VIDEO**

# Future PBACO Implementation

*Quality Gap Reminder Outreach by Sofia*

Expanding PBACO's AI-enabled outreach beyond PDV and AWW into scalable quality gap closure workflows

## Priority Quality Gaps

A1c reminders

Kidney function labs: uACR / eGFR

CRC / FIT / stool occult outreach

Mammogram reminders

Diabetic eye exams

BP rechecks / preventive follow-up

## How Sofia Helps

Proactive outbound voice outreach

Patient-friendly education

Scheduling or routing support

Reminder cadence until completion

Closed-loop status tracking

Workflow visibility for PBACO teams

## Why It Matters

Improves preventive and chronic care closure

Supports quality scores

Helps scale without proportional headcount growth

Creates more operational consistency

Supports risk capture and value-based care performance

**Same engagement infrastructure → more quality gap closure at PBACO scale**

# Illustration

## *Sofia Quality Gap Outreach Demo*

### **What this illustration shows**

- Open quality gap identified
- Sofia engages the patient
- Clear explanation of why the test or screening matters
- Reminder or scheduling support
- Progress toward completion

Possible examples:

- Overdue A1c
- Overdue CRC / FIT / stool occult
- Overdue mammogram

### **What to listen for**

- Natural, patient-friendly conversation
- Clear explanation and education
- Low-friction next step
- Consistent outreach process
- Support for PBACO teams rather than replacing them

**From open gap → patient engagement → action → completion**

GOVERNANCE

# Governance and trust: the model has to be safe and defensible

## Human-in-the-loop

Automation handles repetitive workflow; clinical teams own decisions and escalations.

## Security posture

HIPAA-aligned data handling, access controls, and enterprise security expectations including SOC 2 Type II.

## Auditability

Traceable outreach, handoffs, escalation rules, write-backs, and operational KPIs.

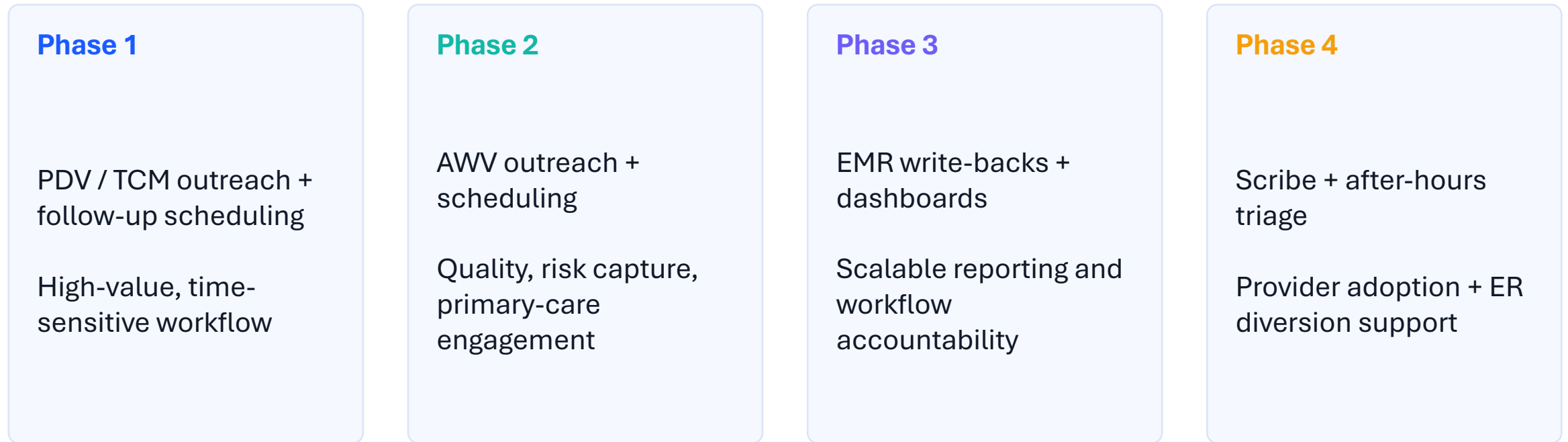
## Trust equation



## ENTERPRISE COMPLIANCE & STANDARDS



# Implementation roadmap: start focused, then expand



**Design principle: prove value in focused workflows, then reuse the same operating layer across the network.**

## MEASUREMENT

# KPIs that will matter in this PBACO × Zynix rollout

### Reach

pickup rate, valid contact rate, attempt cadence

### Conversion

2-way connection, appointment booked, scheduling turnaround

### Completion

kept visit, lab/test completed, gap closed

### Clinical routing

red flags escalated, response time, closure of routed tasks

### Economics

readmission/ER trend, AWW completion, quality/HCC impact

### Operations

staff hours saved, cost per completed engagement, EMR write-back rate

POLL

## Audience poll #4

**What is the biggest barrier to scaling AI-enabled care-management workflows?**

- A** Provider trust and adoption
- B** EMR integration complexity
- C** Compliance / security concerns
- D** Proving ROI and operational value

## TAKEAWAYS

# Takeaways for other ACOs

### 1. Start with workflows that matter

PDV/TCM and AWW are high-value because they connect operations to utilization, quality, and risk capture.

### 2. Build an operating layer

The strategic asset is not one call script; it is repeatable outreach, scheduling, write-back, and measurement.

### 3. Keep humans in control

Automation should absorb repetitive volume while care teams own judgment, escalation, and relationships.

**Core takeaway: AI for care management is most powerful when it is tied to closed-loop execution.**

AUDIENCE QUESTIONS

Q & A

# Stop by our VBCExhibitHall.com Virtual Booth



[Visit the Zynix AI exhibit booth](#)

Closing thought

# AI-enabled care management is not about replacing teams.

It is about giving ACOs/MSOs/CINs a scalable execution layer for outreach, scheduling, documentation, and closed-loop care coordination.

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Next step: continue the conversation with Zynix.AI -- [dmcdonald@zynix.ai](mailto:dmcdonald@zynix.ai)

Thank you  
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