

### Why Trust Roji Health Intelligence to Talk About Costs?

- Experience: We've aggregated data, negotiated as payers and providers, saved health care costs as employers, provider systems, and government.
- Technology: Our Value Based Care technology focuses on costs and clinical opportunities.
- Clients: Physician groups, multi-practice groups, and ACO clients use our VBC Cost Episodes.
- Clinically-Focused Technology: Roji Value-Based Care Episodes are the ultimate cost-quality analytics.
- Support for Payment Models: Our dedicated analytics support specialty payment models and ACOs.

## What Are You Doing to Survive Under Scarcity?

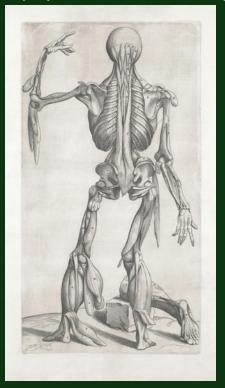
1. Minimizing our risk-based reimbursements.



Dropping all payers with risk-based

reimbursement.

2. Participating with CMS risk payment models only.



3. Increasing both commercial and CMS risk payment models.







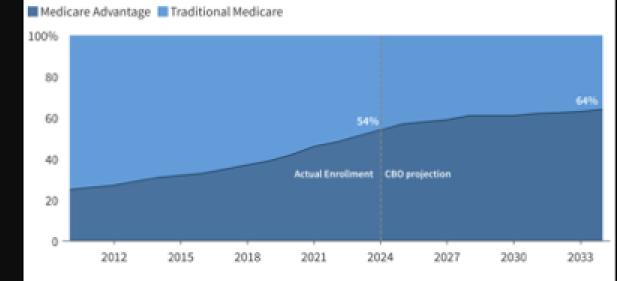


## Reining in Fee For Service Costs

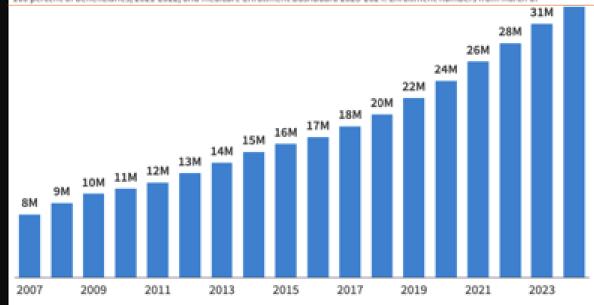
- From Equity to Insurance:
  - Steady increases in MA enrollment
  - O Push for more: "MA for all"
  - Price Transparency
- IPPS Pressures:
  - Mandatory payment models (TEAM)
  - 5.1% expenses outpace 2.4% revenue raise



#### Medicare Advantage and Traditional Medicare Enrollment, Past and Projected



Source: KFF analysis of CMS Medicare Advantage Enrollment Files, 2010-2024; Medicare Chronic Conditions (CCW) Data Warehouse from 5 percent of beneficiaries, 2010-2016; CCW data from 20 percent of beneficiaries, 2017-2020; CCW data from 100 percent of beneficiaries, 2021-2022, and Medicare Enrollment Dashboard 2023-2024. Enrollment numbers from March of



Note: Enrollment data are from March of each year. Includes Medicare Advantage plans: HMOs, PPOs (local and regional), PFFS, and MSAs. About 61.2 million people are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B in 2024.

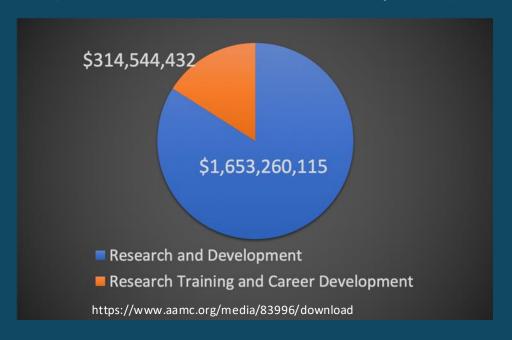
Source: KFF analysis of CMS Medicare Advantage Enrollment Files, 2010-2024; Medicare Chronic Conditions (CCW) Data

## Lower Federal Revenues Have Global Impacts

HHS Budget Reflecting Reorganization Proposals in FY2026 Budget (in millions of dollars)

Program	2024	2025	2026	2026 +/- 2025
NIH – Budget Auth	44,550	44,470	27,506	-16,963
NIH – Program	46,358	46,001	27,915	-18,086
CMS – Budget Auth	4,137	4,137	3,464	-673
CMS – Program	7,100	7,141	5,941	-1,200

Cuts to NIH Grants
(US Med Schools and Hospitals)







Decreased Federal Contribution to Research, Care Delivery, and Education

- Some grants unfrozen; many remain
- Even threats of scarcity lead to scarcity
  - Hiring freezes
  - Deferred wage increases
  - Delayed supply restocks
  - Treatment abandonment



## Residency Program Cuts Will Exacerbate Provider Shortage

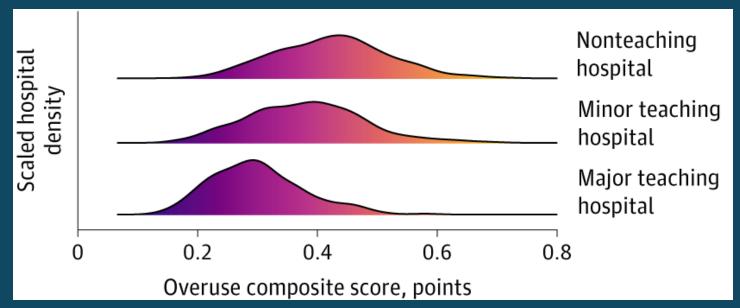


- 700,000 students to lose Pell eligibility
- Elimination of subsidized student loans
- Lower graduate student loan borrowing limits
- Elimination of Grad PLUS; restrict Parent PLUS
- "Endowment Tax" siphons scholarship dollars



## The Impact on Cuts to Teaching Hospitals

- Cuts to AMCs (research, residency, etc.) reduces treatment availability
- Result: Patients seek care elsewhere
- Cost Impact: Higher costs (excess spending) at non-teaching hospitals (JAMA, 2021)
- Quality Impact: Higher mortality rates and fewer healthy days at home in non-AMC settings (AAMC, 2023)





## Narrowed VBC Participation Options

- Mandatory Payment Models, e.g. TEAM
  - Episodic costs for major procedures
  - Must take on risk after initial year
  - Can include ACO participants
- Cutting Available Models
  - Kidney Care First option in KCC
  - Making Care Primary

- Heavy focus on Cost Control
  - Steady increase in MIPS Cost measures
  - Push for ACOs to move to risk
  - Medicare Advantage
  - New CMS Strategy says all models will have cost as focus



### How Will Patient Needs Be Met?

Administration leaning into framework, not policy

- Price transparency
- NIH Restructure
- Health Technology Ecosystem RFI
- Privatization

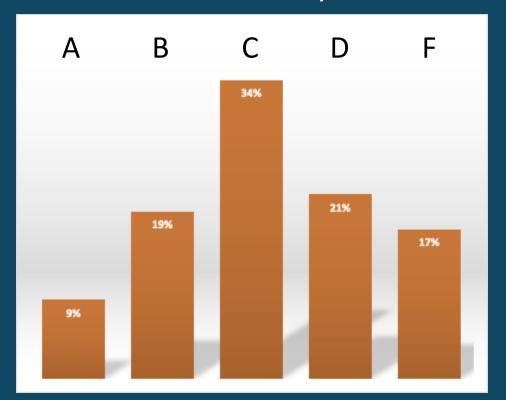
Private plans face their own challenges

- Public opinion
- Increased audits
- Upcoding allegations
- Surprise utilization

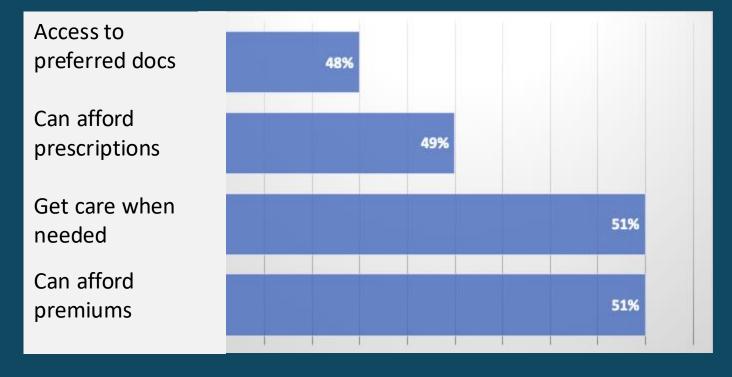


## The Demand for Change

How would you grade healthcare in the United States today?



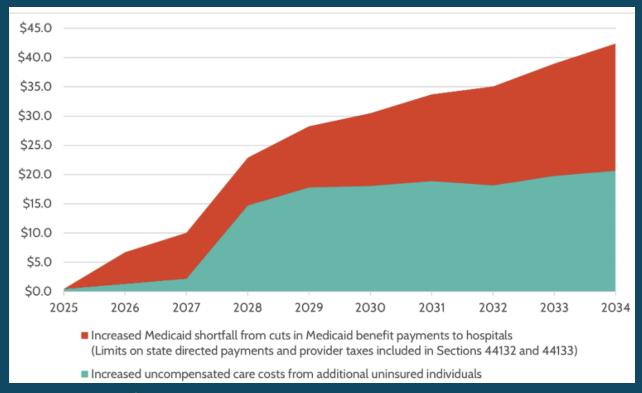
Healthcare access and affordability





## Fewer Resources, Lack of Coverage: VBC is Critical to Lower Total Cost of Care

Projected Increase in Uncompensated Care Costs for Hospitals (billions)



Estimated patients who will annually forgo care: 129,000 - 839,000\*

Estimated annual deaths that were medically preventable: 650 - 12,600\*

\*Annals of Internal Medicine, June 17, 2025



Source: America's Essential Hospitals 2025 Analysis of CBO Cost Estimates and Economic Baseline





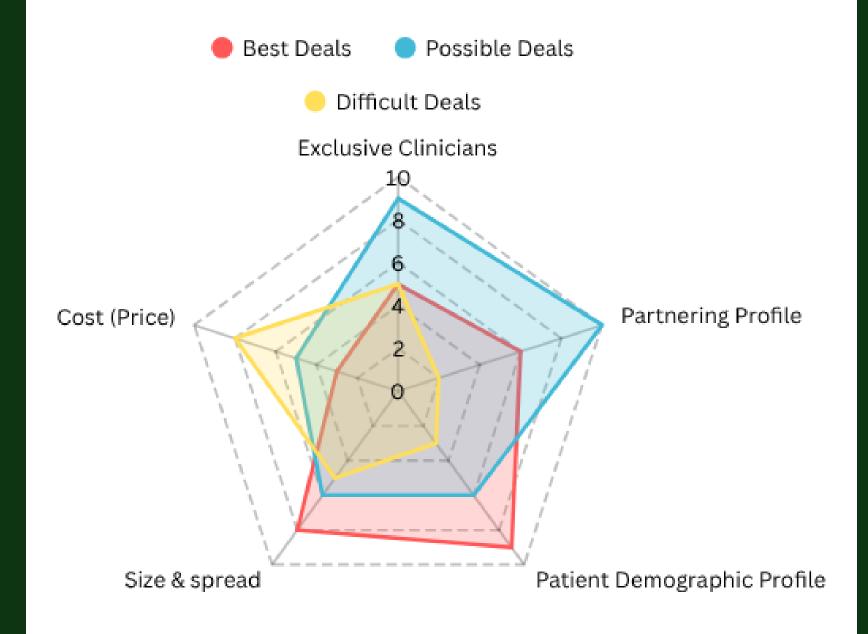
## Unlikely Alliances are Possible – If You Manage Factors for Risk

- External Factors: Your importance are to the payer / market
- Internal Factors: Your capability to live within Risk limits



External factors affect your ability to get good Risk deals with payers.

Cost is #1.

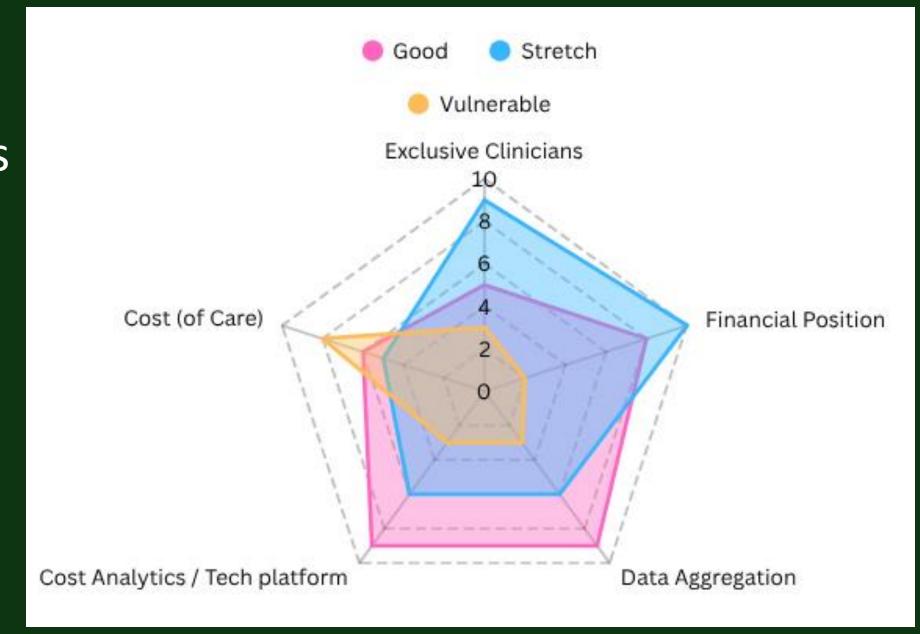




## Useful Tools for Measuring External Attributes:

- Cost: MIPS Scores, CMS Cost Measures, Feedback from Payers
- Partnering Profile: % non-standard agreements / ventures with payers, ease of negotiations; special projects

Internal factors affect your sustainability under Risk deals.







## Culture of Risk Tolerance or Risk Opportunity



- You have an ACO. Does your ACO negotiate with Medicare Advantage plans?
- You participate in CMS value-based payment models. Do you participate in similar private payer models?
- You have an ACO with no downside risk?
- You keep capitation or episodic payments at the lowest feasible % of revenues.



### Circular Battle

Risk Avoidance Cost Penalties Lower Revenues Risk Avoidance





### Lack of a Multi-Payer Risk Strategy Sabotages Strength

• Can't justify investment in data, tools

Physicians practice to meet volume, not performance

• Compared to others under risk, higher costs

Gives you no on-ramp for the market





Make a Cost-Effective
Transition to Risk
Reimbursement







# 5 Foundational Factors for Risk-Reimbursement Success

- Engaged provider champions
- Community connections
- Data aggregation: EHR + Claims
- Analytics to analyze cost/quality
- Initiatives that reduce TCoC and PPCC

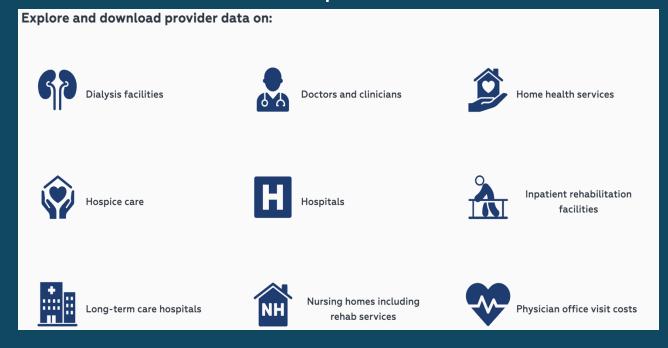


#### Preview Your Resource Allocation

#### MIPS Feedback

- Global and targeted Cost measures
- Standardized cost feedback compared to peers
- Metrics on utilization cost drivers
- Insights into patient attribution
- Quality measures identify at-risk patients

#### **CMS Care Compare Website**





## Incorporating Private Health Plans

#### Considerations

- Not all payers are good partners.
- What is opportunity?
- Will the experience be a collaboration or a trial?
- Maintain clinical autonomy!

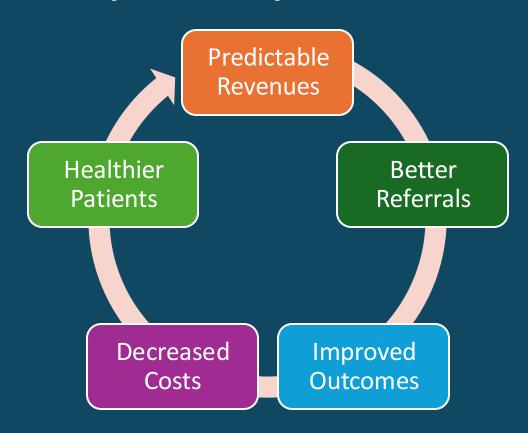
#### Strategies

- Create a single, high standard of care
- Align workflows, prevent overload
- Define goals with and not for providers
- Partner with data aggregation and visualization experts



## VBC Episodes: Essential for Primary and Specialty Care

- Roji's "Value-Based Care Episodes" provide actionable analytics on cost
- Treatment and procedural VBC Episodes
- Aggregate data for comprehensive views
- EHR data illuminates unseen risk factors







## Juggling Multiple Models

- All focus on controlling costs
- Goal: Single high standard of care
- Example: MA and MSSP ACO
  - Different populations (premiums, out-ofpocket)
  - Same strategy: Reduce disease progression and address risk factors (fractures, falls)
  - Alignment already beginning: Quality reporting in IPPS Proposal



### 3 Assumptions that Will Clean You Out in VBC Payment Models



- Disregard historical performance (and what's behind the numbers).
   How did you avoid MIPS Penalties?
- Overestimate your ability to transform claims data into meaningful improvements - you will need a partner
- Anything, whether it's clinical excellence or a more challenging population



Image design by rc.xyz NFT gallery on unsplash

## Create a Targeted Battle Strategy



Build Internal Risk Capability.

• Develop External Negotiation Strategy.

• Refuel, improve, reboot.



Image by Aleks Marinkovic on Unsplash

## Flight Path to Risk Capability



- 1. Aggregate EHR data and prepare VB Episodes and cost-quality analytics.
- 2. Initiate investigative data queries with key physicians into performance.
- 3. Participate in one payment model <u>providing patient-centric transactions</u> through claims data.
- 4. Calculate the financial benchmarks to expand risk projects to other payers.
- 5. Involve cohort of patients and physicians in one TCoC improvement initiative.



Risk Payments with Commercial Health Plans:

Choose partners carefully.



## Measure Potential for Payer Partners

- Viability of current reimbursement levels
- Book of business risk level of patients
- Prior authorization denials and policies
- Claims denials for medical necessity
- Claims denials for other reasons (categorize)
- Experience from past negotiations
- Willingness to engage in partnership
- Position on patient-centric claims data



## Risk Corridors for Capitation and Episodic Payments



- Address historical areas of dispute in negotiations
  - Redraw medical necessity
  - Support for novel care strategies
- Do due diligence on your costs, and calculate revenues/losses for the payment model

Obtain stop loss coverage



## Negotiation with Payer Partners

One-way street, wrong partner!

Payers must facilitate cost control efforts

Understand what you bring to table

Claims data is biggest Ask







### What Is Patient Centric Claims Data?

- All claims for attributed patients
- Covers entire performance period
- Primary vs specialty may be different
- Digitally provided no views, portals
- Works for you:
  - Can be integrated with EHR data into a database for analytics
  - Comprehensive to build Value-Based Care Episodes
- You will likely need expertise from data aggregation/analytics vendor



## Why is Patient Centric Claims Data Essential?

- Episodes must include all costs or you can't compare
- Patients may be attributed to you, but actually also get care from another
- If you can't see treatment data, you have no agency over interventions
- Examining cost variation in procedures needs apples-to-apples
- Ferreting out cost drivers you won't know what you can't see

You can't support payment models without full information!



## Think Big for your Payer Want List

- → Claims data and not through their portals
- → Shared analytics
- → Funding support for the infrastructure you need, or an initial investment
- → Out clauses

- → Agreement on shared/separate patient communications
- → Support for improvement programs



## Wrap-Up



- Accept scarcity
- Calibrate your Risk Strategy
- Make TCoC reduction a goal you reach by improving patient status
- Adopt multi-payer strategy
- Choose payer partners wisely
- Get data and tech platform

Image: Birmingham Museum Trust



## Start Your Journey Here: https://rojihealthintel.com

 You can create growth within an environment of scarcity.

 A platform to manage Total Cost of Care.

 We customize the technology to your goals.

 Contact us to discuss options to manage cost of care.





## Questions and Answers



## Stop by our ACO Exhibit Hall Virtual Booth







## Thank You!

Roji Health Intelligence LLC

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